

PADRÃO DE RESPOSTAS
(VALOR POR QUESTÃO: 2,00 PONTOS)

Questão	Resposta
1	$F = 8 \text{ N}$ $\tau = F \times d = 8 \times 20 = 160 \text{ J}$
2	$v_m = \frac{\Delta s}{\Delta t} \rightarrow \Delta t = \frac{1}{80} \text{ h}$ $v_{m_1} = \frac{\Delta s_1}{\Delta t_1} \rightarrow \Delta t_1 = \frac{0,81}{90} = 0,009 \text{ h}$ $\Delta t_2 = \Delta t - \Delta t_1 = \frac{1}{80} - \frac{9}{1000} = \frac{25 - 18}{2000} = \frac{7}{2000} \text{ h}$ $v_{m_2} = \frac{\Delta s_2}{\Delta t_2} = \frac{0,19}{\frac{7}{2000}} = \frac{0,19 \times 2000}{7} = 54,29 \text{ km/h}$
3	$v = 64,8 \text{ km/h} = 18 \text{ m/s}$ $a_c = \frac{v^2}{R} = \frac{18^2}{1200} = 0,27 \text{ m/s}^2$ $F_c = m a_c = 2000 \times 0,27 = 540 \text{ N}$
4	<p>Tipo de espelho: convexo. Características: virtuais; direitas; menores / reduzidas.</p>
5	$P = \frac{Q}{\Delta t} \rightarrow Q = P \times \Delta t = 15 \times 140 = 2100 \text{ cal}$ $Q = L \times m \rightarrow L = \frac{Q}{m} = \frac{2100}{30} = 70 \text{ cal/g}$
6	$a = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} = \frac{1,2 - 0}{0,3 - 0} = 4 \text{ m/s}^2$ $P_x = F_R$ $m \times g \times \text{sen}\theta = m \times a$ $m \times 10 \times \text{sen}\theta = m \times 4 \rightarrow \text{sen}\theta = 0,4$
7	$d_c = \frac{m}{V} = \frac{1,2}{0,001} = 1,2 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3$ $d_L = \frac{m}{V} = \frac{1,8 \times 10^{-3}}{1,0 \times 10^{-6}} = 1,8 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3$ <p>Justificativa: como a densidade do corpo é menor que a do líquido, ele flutuará.</p>

8	$m = 3,2 \times 10^{-9} \times 10^{-3} = 3,2 \times 10^{-12} \text{ kg}$ $qE = ma \rightarrow q = \frac{3,2 \times 10^{-12} \times 10^4}{8 \times 10^5} = 4 \times 10^{-14} \text{ C}$ $q = ne \rightarrow 4 \times 10^{-14} = n \times 1,6 \times 10^{-19}$ $n = 2,5 \times 10^5 \text{ elétrons}$
9	$P_1 = \frac{(U_1)^2}{R_1} \rightarrow R_1 = \frac{(U_1)^2}{P_1} = \frac{120 \times 120}{120} = 120 \ \Omega$ $P_2 = \frac{(U_2)^2}{R_2} \rightarrow R_2 = \frac{(U_2)^2}{P_2} = \frac{240 \times 240}{144} = 400 \ \Omega$ $R_{\text{eq}} = \frac{R_1 \times R_2}{R_1 + R_2} = \frac{400 \times 120}{400 + 120} = \frac{48000}{520} = 92,3 \ \Omega$ $P_2 = \frac{U^2}{R_2} = \frac{120 \times 120}{400} = 36 \text{ W}$
10	$p_{\text{atm}} = 1,0 - 0,4 = 0,6 \text{ atm}$ $p_{\text{lago}} = dgh = 1000 \times 10 \times 200 = 2 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa}$ $p_{\text{lago}} = dgh = \frac{2 \times 10^6}{10^5} = 20 \text{ atm}$ $p_{\text{total}} = p_{\text{atm}} + p_{\text{lago}} = 0,6 + 20 = 20,6 \text{ atm}$